MANIFESTO,

Afterting and Clearing the

LEGAL RIGHT

Of the PRINCESS

AIHTOR

And Her ISSUE, the Serene House of

HANOVER

To the Succeffion of

SCOTLAND!

Re-printed in the Year, 1704

Of the PARMONNS.

And Her 15SUE, the continue of

To the Succession of

SCOTLAND.

Re-printed in the Year 1704

MANIFESTO,

Afferting and Clearing the LEGAL Right of the Princess SOPHIA, and Her Issue, the Serene House of HANOVER, to the Successione of SCOILAND.

THAT the Kingdoms of England and Scotland are Hereditary Monnarchies, descending (by Law and Custom immemorial) to the Next in Blood; is universally known, and has been always

on in Hereditary Monarchies is subject to the Law of Necessity; and to such Modifications, as the Universal Law of Reason and Equity may, on emergent Occasions, prescribe both to King and People.

All Actions, or Defects, by which a King in Possession becomes deprived, do also disable the Prince or Princes that have the Right of Succession. Those Defects and Acts (for so much as concerns our present Enquiry) may be reduced to these Two, Incapacity, and Abdication.

Abdication (Renunciation, Defertion, Cession) being the Act of the Prince himself, does naturally Bar him of any Claim for the suture. Yet it is held, and has been practised, that the People or Kingdom not bound to accept it. It they accept it not, either expressly, or by some Act or Acts (declarative) on their part, the Abdication is a Nullity: or the Contract between the King and People being mutual, the Contract or Act of Both is necessary to dissolve it.

The Abdication by His late Majesty K. James, was accepted (or rater declared) by his Subjects, by their Representatives in Parliament,

he only can do it: So the Throne became truly Vacant.

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A Manifesto, Concerning

A present Possessor can thus make vacant the Throne, as to his own Person; but no Act of his, in this kind, can affect the Legal Rightful Successor. The Monarchy or Government, and Laws of Succession, remain as before: The Act of Abdication can do no more than the Death of the King would do, make the Throne vacant for the next Successor.

When K James abdicated, the Thrones became vacant for his Eldest Daughter, the Lady M AR Y; called therefore by the Justice of the S T A T E S of the Kingdoms to the vacant Thrones, And the Lady Anne in pursuance of the due Course of Succession was acknowledged and declared Successor to Her Sister dying without Issue

We noted, and confessed before, That as every other Thing, so Hereditary Succession is subject to the Law of Necessity, and to such Modifications as the Law of Equity and Reason may (in extraordinary Cases) prescribe. Therefore the States, as well of England as Scotland, taking into Consideration the deliverance of these Nations, and of the Legal Succession it self, at the Expence and by the Personal Hazard of His Highness the Prince of Orange Husband of the Lawful Successor, First Prince of the Blood, and whose Power and Conduct was then necessary, to preserve what had been (so adventurously and happily) saved from imminent Ruin: they declared, and were obliged by the Law of Equity and Reason, the Law (be it spoke with due Reverence) that binds G O D as well as Man, to declare His Highness KING, as his Wise Queen; and to agree that the Administration should be in Him alone during Life.

I think it will not be denied, that Necessity, as well as Equity & Reason, concurred to this Modification of the Succession The Succession was modified, for one Turn only, from the Equitable Consideration of the Merit of that Prince; and because this Method was Necessary to conserve as well the Legal Succession it self, as our Liberties, and the Protestan Religion; all which had been lost, if not maintained by the Conduct and Puissance of Him, who (under GOD) had saved them to us.

The short is; the Abdication by K. James, our late Sovereign, mad the Scottist and English Thrones vacant for the next Successor, his Eddest Daughter; and after Her, to the Princess Anne, our now mo Gracious Queen. To the former (and for Lite only) was added the Princess Anne, our now more controlled the princess of the former (and for Lite only) was added the Princess of the former (and for Lite only).

Succeffion to the Crown of Scotland.

Prince of Orange, already one with Her, by the Sacred Bond of Marriage, and who could not be Excluded without our Loss of all again.

The Conclusion from all, is,

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That Her present Majasty, and Her Heirs in the Lineal usual Succellion, are the Legal (not Elective or Arbitrary) Possessor and Heirs of the Hereditary Kingdoms of Scotland and England, and the Acc-

quisitions depending on them.

None of those Heirs to Her Majesty having Abdicated, let us next fee by what other means they may be Legally or Equitably Excluded

from their Succession to Her?

Incapacity, and that only, (as we have faid before) is a Bar to any, the most Rightful Succession whatsoever: It is indeed but one Word, but includes a great many Things : I must remember I am writing a Memorial, not a Book ; and therefore will not touch on any fort of Incapacity, not pertinent to be mentioned in debating the Succession of Scotland.

Imaintain then, That to be a Roman Catholick doth Incapacitate whatf---- Professant Succession. I say not every Difference in Keligion doth Incapacitate; the contrary is most Evident, in that no Two Men have the same Sentiments in all Articles and Points of Religion: But" only Such Difference, that the Prince cannot (fincerely) 'Swear to Preserve the Laws of the Country, Because no single or particular Man can subsist either safely, or with tolerable Convenience and Accommodation, without the concurrence and assistance of many others; therefore in all parts of the World, Men have

affected Society, and a certain Confederation, as we may speak.

As single Men subsist by means and help of Society, observation of their Original Pacts, expresly agreed (or reasonably supposed) when they Confederated and Affociated. It was foon perceived, that these Pacts (or Laws) might not be trufted for their Execution, to the Honesty and good Conscienceof every Member of the Society's but a common Person must be chosen and appointed, who shall be Vindex Legum, the Conservator and Executor of the Laws or Pacts. As the Society increased, so this Office became too busy and burthensome for one man (alone and unassisted) to Discharge; therefore others were added :

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added to him; not that such should be Co ordinat or Equal with him which would beget Strife and contrary Sentences and Judgmen ts; but Sub-ordinate, or acting by his Authority, and in his Name. Thus a King and an Interior Magistracy being Established, all things went well till the Death of the King: But then it became a Question, Who shall Succed in that necessary Office? The way of Election was in time found very unconvenient, as occasioning deadly Feuds and ruinous Wars, and thus setting the Society to destroy it self. Therefore Hereditary Succession was made a Law, in most Political Societies; indeed in all that became thoroughly Civilized, on condition only that such Hereditary Successor be a capable Person. Of all (imaginable) Incapacities none is greater or more notorious than that the Successor cannot, Engage, That he will endeavour the Preservation of the Laws, that are the Ligaments and Bands of the Seciety.

Let us now apply this to our present purpose.

The Establishment and Encouragement of our Reformation, and the Penal Laws against the Mass, the Supremacy of the Pope and other parts of Popery, are a great and weighty part of the Body of the Lams in every Protestant Society and Country; and the Properties of vast Numbers of the Subjects are so far concerned and interwoven with those Laws, that their Religion and Property are saved or lost together.

Those (precious) Laws, I say, are the most Important part of the Laws of a Protestant Country and Society. Can a Catholick Prince Engage and Swear to the Maintainance and Execution of them, and Intend what he Swears: It is manifest, he cannot; and thereby is Inha-

bilitated to be Successor in any Such Kingdom or Principality.

The Succession, we grant freely, is Hereditary; but withal it is an Hereditary Office, that requires a Capacity in the Person, to the Personmance of it; which also is contessed by the generality of (if not by all) Lawyers, Divines, and Politicians, as well as manitest in the Nature of the Thing.

This fort of Incapacity is acknowledged allthe World over sin particular among Papists and Protestants. France, Spain, Portugal, and other Catholick Countries, will no more admit of a Protestant Successor; than England, Sweden, or Denmark, or other Protestant Nation will a Popish

Succession to the Crown of Scotland.

pish Successor; and this for the Reason before given; viz. Such Successor cannot Intend the Preservation, but Subversion of the Religion. the Ecclesiastical Constitution; and the Properties (or Estates) of those Multitudes that depend on the Laws that relates the Church and Religion.

From these Premises I conclude again, That; 'All the Princes and Princesses of the Royal Line & Blood, but the Lady Sophia & her Issue, be ing under this (incurable) Incapacity, therefore She and They only, have the Legal Hereditary Right to the Seotist Succession: & therefore the saids Right when the Throne becomes Vacant, ought not to be opposed.

As to the Persons of these Princes, the Lady Sophia is about LXX. Years of Age; a Princess of the best Address, and the most Accomplished of any in Germany; Says a most curious Observer; Chamberlain Present State of Englands p. 118. Common Fame, and the Pens of a great number of Ingenious Writers speak more at large, what that Learned Gentleman has said in those few (but Nervous) Words.

Her Son (the Duke of Hanover, and Elector of the Empire) has signalized his Wisdom and Conduct on so many Occasions, and so generally brown, persicularly in the Rescue of Holstein from the Danish carmy, commanded by the Danish King himself, that his Merit would Entitle him to our Choice, if our Kingdoms were indeed Elective.

The Electoral Prince, his Eldest Son, in a late shining Congress of Princes, appeared so Gallant, in respect of Wir, Fire, Address, and other Glories of Youth, that he drew on him the Eyes and Respect of the whole Illustrious Assembly: All the Foreign Prints were full of it.

The Power of this House is of the first Rank in Germany. The Father of the present Elector was carried to his Interment on the Shoulders of Sixteen Colonels (Commanders of so many Regiments) in the constant Pay of his Highness The present Elector, as we said, defended Holstein against his Danish Majesty; and obliged him also to raise his Siege from before Tonningen, which he had invested with a Royal Army.

In the beginning of the present War against France, the Elector beseged Brunswick, the defended (within and without) by Twelve ThouA Manifesto Concerning

Thousand Men, Veteran Troops; and obliged that Duke to come into the present Alliance of the High Confederates against France. He lends at present Eight Thousand Men to the States of Holland, and as many to the Emperor; besides his full Quota, as Duke of Hanever, to the Army of the Circles or Empire; and besides his (numerous) Troops at Home, for quieting the Lower Saxony. It is no peradventure, that he is abundantly able to do himself Right, when time shall be, in Sectland, especially with the Loyal Concurrence of so many there, that will be of a Party with the Lawful Successor.



FINIS

